Germs

Objectives:

- * Students will have a concrete example as to why they should wash their hands with soap and warm water.
- * Students will understand that germs are smaller than the eye can see.

PA Academic Standards:

* Academic Standards for Reading, Writing, Speaking, and Listening

1.6.3. Speaking and Listening

- A. Listen to others.
- D. Contribute to discussions.
- E. Participate in small and large group discussions and presentations.

* Academic Standards for Health, Safety & Physical Education

10.1.3. Concepts of Health

E. Identify types and causes of common health problems of children.

10.2.3. Healthful Living

A. Identify personal hygiene practices and community helpers that promote health and prevent the spread of disease.

Cross-curricular Integration:

* Social Studies, Health

Materials:

- * Weekly Reader for each student
- * glitter
- * paper towels
- * hand lotion
- * bucket (to catch glitter)
- anti bacterial soap

New Vocabulary:

* Germs – tiny, living things that can cause colds.

Instructional Procedure:

Anticipatory Set:

- * Ask students if they have ever been sick or had a cold.
- * Tell them they more than likely got the cold from germs in the air and on the things they interact with everyday.
- * Begin reading the Weekly Reader with students.

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- * After reading, tell students one of the best ways they can prevent colds and other illnesses is to wash their hands regularly to prevent the spread of germs.
- * Explain the procedures of properly washing hands:
 - O Wet your hands with warm running water.
 - Add soap and rub your hands together to make a soapy lather.
 Wash well for 15-20 seconds. Wash fronts and backs of hands and wrists; also wash between the fingers and under fingernails.
 - Rinse your hands well with warm water, and then dry them with a clean towel.
 - o Use a paper towel, not your bare, clean hands, when you turn off the water.

Developmental Activities:

- * Tell students that they will be demonstrating how germs are difficult to see and why it is important to use soap and warm water to wash their hands.
- * Put a small amount of hand lotion on each student's hands. Have them rub both of their hands together to spread the lotion on their hands.
- * Sprinkle, over a bucket, a small amount of glitter into each student's hands. Have them rub their hands together to spread the glitter evenly.
- * Next, have a few students try to get the glitter off with a dry paper towel.
- * Then, have a few kids try to get the glitter off with plain, cold water.

 After that, have a few kids use warm water, with soap, to get the glitter germs off.
- * Let everyone wash his or her hands with warm, soapy water.
- * Bring everyone back to the circle and ask, "What does the glitter represent?" (Germs) "What happened when you tried to get the glitter off with just a paper towel?" "Cold water?" "Warm, soapy water?" "Why is it important to properly wash your hands?"

Closure:

- * Tell students that for the rest of the week they are going to work on having germ-free hands.
- * Explain that next to the tissues all week will be a bottle of anti bacterial soap. Their job will be to use the anti bacterial soap each time they take and throw away a tissue.

Assessment:

- * Students will be assessed on their ability to properly wash their hands with warm, soapy water.
- * Each student will be informally assessed on their understanding that germs can be spread by not properly washing their hands.

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Weekly Reader

"Wash Your Hands!"

- * Students will be assessed on their ability to cooperatively work within a small and large group.
- * Students will be assessed on their ability to listen attentively to the teacher during lecture and while giving directions.

Special Needs Adaptations:

* None within the class

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